DENKA POVAL

(Polyvinyl Alcohol)



Denka



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1 Introduction

DENKA POVAL is a water-soluble polymer described in below chemical formula, and provided as granule or powder form. POVAL (Polyvinyl alcohol) is used in a variety of fields because of its excellent properties such as water-solubility, adhesion strength, mechanical strength, gas barrier and aging resistance.

$$-(CH_2-CH)_m-(CH_2-CH)_n- \qquad < Polymerization Degree> = m+n \\ OH \qquad OCOCH_3 \qquad < Hydrolysis Degree> = \frac{m}{m+n} \times 100 \ [\%]$$

Fig. 1 Chemical Formula of POVAL

Production Process of DENKA POVAL

DENKA POVAL is made from vinyl acetate monomer through polymerization and saponification processes. There are many grades available in the market according to different degrees of polymerization and hydrolysis, which are controlled in the polymerization and the saponification processes respectively.

Fig. 2 Production flow of DENKA POVAL



DENKA Omi-Plant

Classification and Grades of DENKA POVAL

DENKA POVAL can be classified mainly with polymerization degree, which is often indicated as solution viscosity, and hydrolysis degree. Modified grades are also available to satisfy specified requirements. The most suitable grade can be selected from the range of DENKA POVAL.

Table 1 DENKA POVAL General Grades List

Classification	Grade	Hydrolysis Degree	Viscosity (4%, 20°C)	pH (4%, 25℃)	Volatile Matter	Sodium Acetate	Proc	luct S	nape
		[mol-%]	[mPa·s]		[%]	[%]	G	P	F
	K-05	98.0 ~ 99.0	5.2 ~ 6.6	5.0 ~ 7.0	≦5.0	≦1.5	•		
Fully	K-17E	97.5 ~ 99.2	26 ~ 32	5.0 ~ 7.0	≦5.0	≦1.0	•		
Hydrolyzed	K-17C	98.7 ~ 99.7	24 ~ 30	5.0 ~ 7.0	≦5.0	≦1.2		•	
	K-24E	98.5 ~ 99.9	54 ~ 74	5.0 ~ 9.0	≦5.0	≦1.5	•		
A A = =1:	H-12	95.0 ~ 96.5	10 ~ 15	5.0 ~ 7.0	≦5.0	≦1.0		•	
Medium Hydrolyzed	H-17	95.0 ~ 96.0	25 ~ 31	5.0 ~ 7.0	≦5.0	≦1.0	•	•	
Tiyarotyzea	H-24	95.0 ~ 96.0	52 ~ 64	5.0 ~ 7.0	≦5.0	≦1.0	•		
	B-04	88.0 ~ 90.0	3.4 ~ 4.1	5.0 ~ 7.0	≦5.0	≦1.5	•		
	B-05	86.5 ~ 89.5	5.0 ~ 6.0	5.0 ~ 7.0	≦5.0	≦1.5	•		
Partially	B-17	87.0 ~ 89.0	21 ~ 25	5.0 ~ 7.0	≦5.0	≦1.0	•		
Hydrolyzed	B-20	87.0 ~ 89.0	27 ~ 33	5.0 ~ 7.0	≦5.0	≦1.0	•	•	
	B-24	86.0 ~ 89.0	40 ~ 48	5.0 ~ 7.0	≦5.0	≦1.0	•	•	
	B-33	87.0 ~ 89.0	98 ~ 122	5.0 ~ 7.0	≦5.0	≦1.0		•	

^{*} Product Shape: G = Granule, P = Powder, F = Fine Powder

Table 2 DENKA POVAL Special & Unique Grades List

Classifi- Cation	Grade	Characteristics	Main Appli-	Hydrolysis Degree	Viscosity (4%, 20°C)	pH (4%, 25℃)	Product Shape			
			cation	[mol-%]	[mPa·s]		G	Р	F	
DENKA POVAL	K-177	Fine Powder	Int. Binder	≧99.0	26 ~ 31	5.0 ~ 7.0				
	NP-05F	Low Hydrolyzed	Fiber	76.5 ~ 81.0	(4 ~ 7)	5.0 ~ 7.0				
	U-12	High Hydrolyzed	Adhesive	≥99.5	11.5 ~ 15.5	6.0 ~ 11.5		•		
	PC-1000	for Offset Printing	Paper	Fully Hydro.	20 ~ 30	5.0 ~ 7.0		•		
DENKA SIZE	PC-2000	High Barrier Property	Paper	Fully Hydro.	85 ~ 125	5.0 ~ 7.0		•		
	PC-5000F	Low Staining Property	Paper	Fully Hydro.	20 ~ 30	$(5.0 \sim 7.0)$		•		
	PC-5500	Low Staining Property	Paper	Fully Hydro.	20 ~ 30	$(6.0 \sim 9.0)$		•		
	W-100	Water Resistance	Paper	Fully Hydro.	500 ~ 1500*	5.0 ~ 7.0		•		
	D-100	Hydrophobic Modifed	Adhesive	86.5 ~ 89.0	43 ~ 70*	-	•		•	
HV Polymer	F-300S	Hydrophobic Modifed	Binder	93.0 ~ 97.0	100 ~ 350*	-			•	
	EP-130	Hydrophobic Modifed	Adhesive	96.0 ~ 98.0	110 ~ 180	5.0 ~ 7.5	•			
	B-24N	High Dispersing Ability	Emulsion	86.0 ~ 89.0	40 ~ 48	5.0 ~ 7.0	•			
	W-20N	High Dispersing Ability	PVC	78.5 ~ 80.5	37 ~ 43	5.0 ~ 7.0	•			
Dispersant	W-24N	High Dispersing Ability	PVC	78.5 ~ 80.5	44 ~ 55	5.0 ~ 7.0	•			
,	MP-10	Double Bond Modified	PVC	70.5 ~ 74.5	9.0 ~ 13.0	5.0 ~ 7.5	•			
	MP-10R	Double Bond Modified	PVC	70.5 ~ 74.5	6.0 ~ 9.0	5.0 ~ 7.5	•	•		

^{*} Solid Content in Viscosity Measurement : W-100 = 12.5%, D-100 = 2%, D-300F = 3% * Product Shape : G = Granule, P = Powder, F = Fine Powder

HV Polymer

DENKA SIZE : Suitable especially for fiber sizing, paper sizing and adhesive applications. Softness, water resistance, adhesion strength and wettability can be improved.

: Modified grades suitable for adhesive and binder applications. Superior control can be

provided in viscosity and bonding strength.

Dispersant : Suitable for a dispersant or an emulsifier for the polymerization of vinyl acetate emulsion and

vinyl chloride. High dispersing effect can be provided.

4 Characteristics and Basic Properties of DENKA POVAL

The characteristics of PVA are strongly influenced from polymerization and hydrolysis degrees. Figure 3 shows the relationship of polymerization and hydrolysis degrees of typical grades of DENKA POVAL.

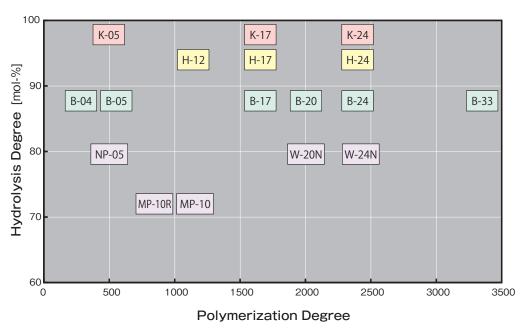


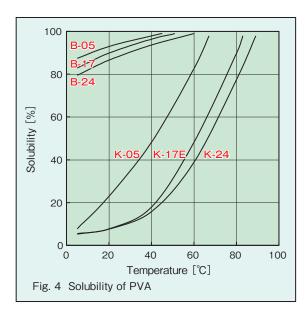
Fig. 3 Relation between Polymerization & Hydrolysis Degrees of DENKA POVAL

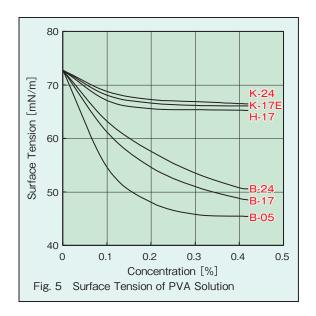
Figure 4 shows schematically the influences of polymerization and hydrolysis degrees against the basic properties of PVA. The performance of PVA changes widely in dependence with polymerization and hydrolysis degrees.

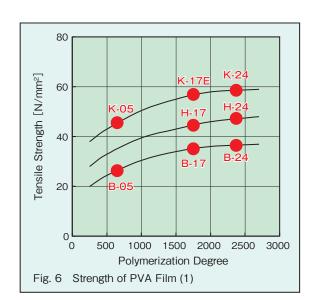
Table 3 Influences of Polymerization and Hydrolysis Degrees against PVA Properties

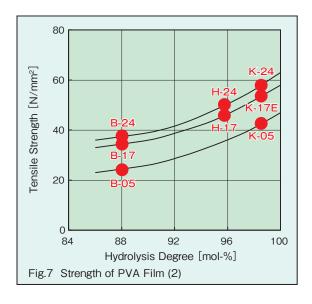
	Polymeriza	tion Degree	Hydrolysi	is Degree
	Low	High	Low	High
Solubility, Hygroscopicity	Large	Small	Large	Small
Solution Viscosity	Small	Large	Small	Large
Film Strength	Small	Large	Small	Large
Emulsifying Capacity	Small	Large	Large	Small

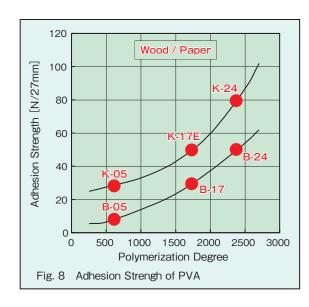
Examples of the experimental data of the effects of polymerization and hydrolysis degrees are shown in figure 4~13 in the next pages. And basic properties of PVA are shown in Table 4.

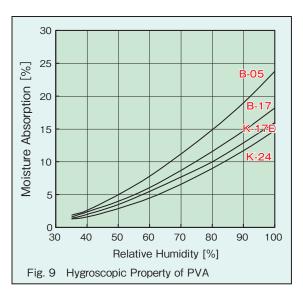


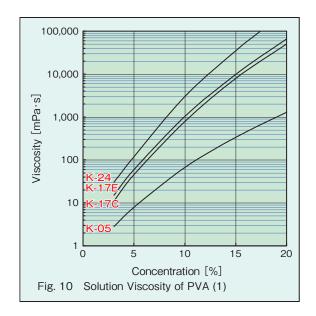


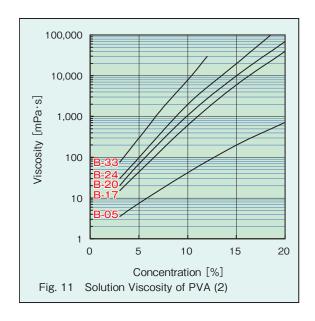


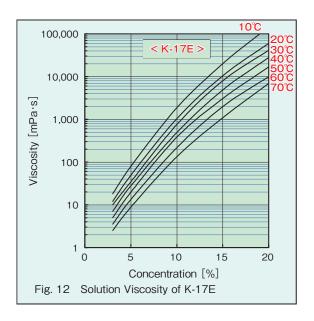












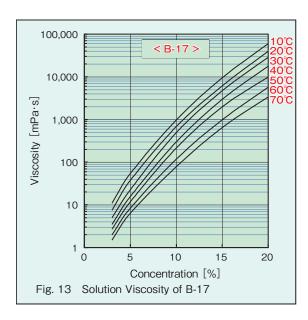


Table 4 Basic Properties of PVA

Table 4 Basic Froperties of FVA										
Item	Property	Note								
Appearance	White to light yellow, granule or powder									
Specific Gravity	1.19 ~ 1.31									
Bulk Density	0.3 ~ 0.7									
Specific Heat	1.681×10³J/(kg·℃)									
Glass Transition Temp.	85°C (Fully) / 58°C (Partially)	Depends on Hydrolysis Degree								
Heat Conductivity	~ 2W/(m·℃)									
Thermal Expansion	7 ~ 10×10⁵/°C	Between 0 ~ 45℃								
Refractive Index (nD ²⁰)	1.52 ~ 1.55									
Electric Resistance	3.1 ~ 3.8×10 ⁷ Ω⋅cm									

Typical Applications of DENKA POVAL

DENKA POVAL is widely used as a water-soluble polymer in a variety of fields because of its excellent properties such as adhesion, film-forming and dispersing ability. Table 5 shows typical applications of PVA and suitable PVA grade for each application.

Table 5 Typical Applications of DENKA POVAL

Table 6 Typical										App	licat	ions										
Classification		Fiber		Paper		Disper sant		Adhesive				Binder						Shaped Product		Const		
	Grade	Span	Filament	Finishing Glue	Surface Sizing	Pigment Coating	VAM Emulsion	PVC	Papers	Paper Band	Remoistenable	Urea Resin	Internal Binder	Ferrite	Ceramics	Agrichemicals	Nursery Soil	Soil Conditioner	Film	Sponge	Mortar Admixture	Fabric Binder
Fully	K-05					•	•				•				•					•		
Hydrolyzed	K-17E	•		•	•	•	•		•					•	•		•			•		
,,	K-17C	•			•				•				Ш	•	•		•		•	•		
Medium Hydrolyzed	H-12																					
	H-17	•					•		•													
	H-24																					
	B-05						•							•					•			
Partially	B-17														•				•			
Hydrolyzed	B-20																					
11,4101,204	B-24																				П	
	B-33																					
DENKA POVAL	K-177																					
	NP-05F																					
	EP-130						•															
	U-12																					
DENKA SIZE	PC-1000				•					•												
DEINNA SIZE	PC-2000				•																	
	PC-5000F				•																	
	PC-5500				•																	
	W-100				•																	
HV Polymer	D-100						•					•										
Tiv Folymer	F-300S											•				•						
	B-24N						•	•													•	
	W-20N							•														
Dispersant	W-24N							•														
·	MP-10							•														
	MP-10R							•														

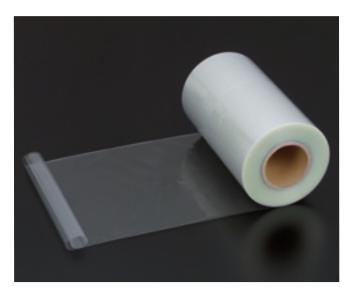
^{*} Note • : Suitable • : Fine powder is recommended

Detailed report for each application is available. If required, please contact our sales department which is described on the back cover of this catalog.

Typical Applications of DENKA POVAL



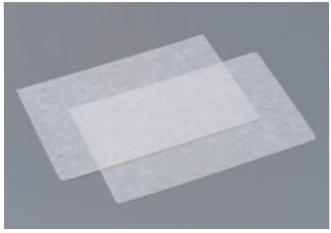
Vinylon Fiber



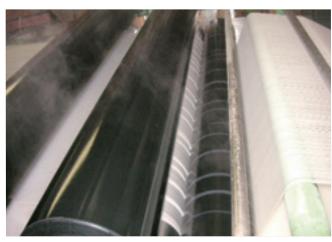
Vinylon Film



Emulsion Type Adhesive



Glass Paper



Fiber Sizing



PVA Sponge

6 How to Use DENKA POVAL

Usage of DENKA POVAL is briefly explained on this page. Detailed information is available on a request basis. Please contact our sales department, if required.

1) Dissolving Procedure

Following procedure is recommended to dissolve PVA.

- 1) Feed water into a tank at ambient temperature
 - ⇒ Water temperature should not be so high in order to avoid agglomeration.
- ② Feed PVA gradually into the water with agitation and disperse it sufficiently.
 - ⇒ Especially low hydrolyzed grade should be taken care of.
- 3 Heat up with continuous agitation and dissolve the PVA.
 - ⇒ More than 90 degree-C for minimum 30 minutes is recommended.
- ④ Add water to adjust the concentration after complete dissolution of PVA.
 - ⇒ Actual concentration should be measured due to the water contained in PVA.
- ⑤ If the grade has clouding point, cool down the temperature under the clouding point before use.
 - ⇒ Especially low hydrolyzed grade should be taken care of.



2) Additives

Following additives are sometimes used for PVA to improve a specified property.

① Anti-foaming Agent : Reduce the foam generation during dissolution.

② Water Resistant Additive : Cross-linker is often used to improve water resistance.

③ Plasticizer, softener : Glycerin and glycols are widely used for PVA.

④ Extender, Filler : Starch, other water soluble polymer and clay are used.

Handling Notice for DENKA POVAL

Before using DENKA POVAL, please obtain and check the material safety data sheet (MSDS). The MSDS can be obtained from DENKA upon request.

Typical notes are described below, too.

1) Chemical Information on DENKA POVAL

Chemical Name ······ Polyvinyl Alcohol (PVA)
Trivial Name ····· Poval

2) Handling Notice

Rubber gloves, protective goggles and dust protective mask must be worn during handling DENKA POVAL to protect skin, eyes and lung due to occurrence of fine powder.

If huge amount of DENKA POVAL is handled, a dust collector must be utilized. Countermeasure against static electricity, such as installation of groundings and use of conductive filter, is also required.

3) Storage Note

DENKA POVAL must be stored in dry, cool and well-ventilated place to prevent from blocking.

4) First Aid Measures

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.

Skin Contact Wash off with soap and warm water.

Inhalation Move into fresh air. If symptom does not recover, call a physician.

Ingestion If swallowed, do not induce vomiting unless a physician instructs to do so.

Call a physician immediately.

5) Fire Fighting Measures

Fire Extinguishing Measure Extinguish a fire with water or fire extinguisher.

Fire Extinguishing Media Water spray jet, foam, carbon dioxide (CO₂).

6) Accidental Release Measures

Powder Sweep and collect into a container. Incinerate it if it is not reusable.

Solution Wipe up the solution or wash away with water. If amount is too much, collect the solution and then treat it with activated sludge.

7) Disposal Considerations

If disposed in solid state, incinerate it as non-hazardous solid waste.

If disposed in aqueous solution form, treat it with activated sludge.



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- ■Before using any of the products described in this catalog, obtain and check the applicable technical information and product safety data sheet for information and precautions on the use of these products. These documents can be obtained from DENKA upon request.
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